

14.10 Storage and Racking					
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## STORAGE AND RACKING

#### **PURPOSE**

Companies can greatly minimize the risk of "a potentially catastrophic" racking collapse by promoting a safety culture that encourages incident reporting, and by taking the appropriate steps to immediately investigate incidents and take action.

### **SCOPE**

If you look at pictures of collapsed racking, it looks like a war zone. Just a mangled mess of intertwined metal pieces that can cover a large area. This can occur when there is a failure to identify and fix racking damage.

Racking incidents usually occur when a heavy piece of equipment, such as a forklift, strikes a racking structure.



### **Preventive Action**

Use these actions to prevent collapse:

- Make sure that racking is able to support the load
- Report any damaged racking to your supervisor right away
- Make sure that you have been trained how to stack product safely on the racks
- Do not hit racking with powered lifting devices
- If corner uprights are not protected against collision damage, provide this protection
- Inspect racking for bent or missing columns, beams, bracing, safety pins, bolts
- Do not use mobile devices while driving
- Report any minor impacts and damage to racks immediately
- Keep aisles clear
- Clean up any spills immediately



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- Do not climb on racks
- Do not use ladders to access racks
- Report any areas where lighting is inadequate

#### **Pallets and Skids**

Loads can fall from racking or storage if a pallet breaks. Lifting a bad pallet that is loaded can cause product to unexpectedly fall on employees in the area. Improperly stored pallets can fall and hit employees.

- Look closely at pallets as they arrive and remove any that are in poor condition
- Before using a pallet, check it for broken, missing or loose slats and discard a damaged one right away
- To prevent bending or breaking when skids are lifted, make sure that they are strong enough for the loads to be placed on them
- Make sure that loads are evenly distributed and will not collapse
- Make sure that loads do not extend beyond the pallet
- Store pallets flat, not leaning against racks posts or walls
- Store pallets outdoors, if possible, to reduce the fire hazard

## **Stocking Practices**

- Serious injury or damage can result if loads tip and fall from racks, push other loads into the aisle or hit sprinklers, gas lines, lights or heating equipment during restocking.
- Make sure that you are trained to use the lifting equipment
- Before you operate equipment in high locations, check clearances such as pipes, lights, and sprinklers
- Place product well clear of sprinkler heads, lights, electrical panels, and emergency equipment
- Keep stored materials at least 18 inches away from heaters (36 inches away if the materials are combustible)
- Stack loads straight and evenly
- Correct loads that look out of balance
- If a load looks unstable, secure it with plastic wrapping or strapping

#### **REQUIREMENTS**

# Legislation

Industrial Regulations 851, Section 45

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