Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06		DS Number: 00001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
SECTIO	N 1. IDENTIFICATION			
Pro	duct name	:	Shell ULS Diesel	Extra
Pro	duct code	:	002D2114	
Ма	nufacturer or supplier's	deta	ails	
Ma	nufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Trading Ca Suite 4000 500 Centre Street Calgary-AB T2G Canada	t SE
	ephone efax	:	(+1) 800-661-160	0
Em ber	ergency telephone num-	:	CHEMTREC (24 (US)	hr) (+1) 703-527-3887 or (+1) 800-424-9300
Red	commended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use
Red	commended use	:	Fuel for on-road o	liesel-powered engines.
Res	trictions on use	:	listed in Section 1 plier., This produc	t not be used in applications other than those without first seeking the advice of the sup- ct is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning or brightening fires; as a skin cleanser.

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

126				900001022427	
Car	cinogenicity	:	Category 2		
Ski	n irritation	:	Category 2		
Acu	ute toxicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 4		
Asp	piration hazard	:	Category 1		
	S Classification mmable liquids	:	Category 3		

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
	cific target organ toxicity beated exposure	: Category 2 (Blo	od, thymus, Liver)
Long haza	g-term (chronic) aquatic ard	: Category 2	
GHS	S label elements		
Haz	ard pictograms		
Sigr	nal word	: Danger	
Haz	ard statements	HEALTH HAZA H304 May be fa H315 Causes s H332 Harmful if H373 May caus through prolong H351 Suspecte ENVIRONMEN	le liquid and vapour. RDS: atal if swallowed and enters airways. kin irritation.
Prec	cautionary statements	handle until all s stood. P210 Keep awa No smoking. P233 Keep con P240 Ground/b P241 Use explo ment. P242 Use only P243 Take preo P260 Do not bre P264 Wash har P271 Use only P273 Avoid rele P280 Wear pro- face protection. <b>Response:</b>	SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

ersion .3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
		<ul> <li>P303 + P361 +</li> <li>immediately all shower.</li> <li>P304 + P340 +</li> <li>and keep at rest POISON CENT</li> <li>P308 + P313 IF attention.</li> <li>P314 Get media</li> <li>P321 Specific t on this label).</li> <li>P331 Do NOT i</li> <li>P332 + P313 If tion.</li> <li>P362 + P364 T reuse.</li> <li>P370 + P378 Ir guish.</li> <li>P391 Collect sp Storage:</li> <li>P403 + P235 S</li> <li>P405 Store lock</li> <li>Disposal:</li> </ul>	tore in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
May i Vapo	gnite on surfaces at te ur in the headspace of	f tanks and containers	i <b>tion</b> o-ignition temperature. may ignite and explode at temperatures ex- concentrations are within the flammability range.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

This product is intended for use in closed systems only.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	: Mixture
Substance name	: Shell ULS Diesel Extra
Chemical nature	<ul> <li>A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C20 and boiling in the range of approximately 163°C to 357°C (325°F to 675°F).</li> <li>May also contain several additives at &lt;0.1% v/v each.</li> </ul>

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

May contain cetane improver (Ethyl Hexyl Nitrate) at <0.2% v/v.

May contain methyl and ethyl esters from lipid sources

May contain catalytically cracked oils in which polycyclic aromatic compounds, mainly 3-ring but some 4- to 6-ring species are present.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Fuels, diesel	68334-30-5	<= 100
Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear	848301-67-7	0 - 50
Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear)	928771-01-1	0 - 30

Dyes and markers can be used to indicate tax status and prevent fraud.

## **Further information**

Chemical nameIdentification numberConcentration (% w/w)Naphthalene91-20-30 - 0.5	oontaino.		
Naphthalene 91-20-3 0 - 0.5	Chemical name	Identification number	Concentration (% w/w)
01200	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 0.5

## **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: Call emergency number for your location / facility. Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim un- less proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.</li> <li>When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.</li> <li>Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
		rinsing. If persistent irr	itation occurs, obtain medical attention.
lf swa	allowed	If swallowed, c medical facility spontaneously If any of the fo within the next ty: fever greate	y number for your location / facility. lo not induce vomiting: transport to nearest for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs , keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. llowing delayed signs and symptoms appear 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facili- er than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, on or continued coughing or wheezing.
	important symptoms offects, both acute and ed	porary burning and/or difficult Skin irritation s sation, redness Eye irritation s sation, redness If material enter coughing, chol congestion, sh If any of the fo within the next ty: fever greate chest congesti Liver damage (yellowish skin	tation signs and symptoms may include a tem- sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, y breathing. signs and symptoms may include a burning sen- s, swelling, and/or blisters. igns and symptoms may include a burning sen- s, swelling, and/or blurred vision. ers lungs, signs and symptoms may include king, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest ortness of breath, and/or fever. llowing delayed signs and symptoms appear 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facili- er than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, on or continued coughing or wheezing. may be indicated by loss of appetite, jaundice and eye colour), fatigue, bleeding or easy ometimes pain and swelling in the upper right
		fatigue and an	od-forming organs may be evidenced by: a) aemia (RBC), b) decreased resistance to infec- cessive bruising and bleeding (platelet effect).
Prote	ction of first-aiders	appropriate pe	tering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the rsonal protective equipment according to the and surroundings.
Notes	s to physician		r poison control center for guidance. nemical pneumonitis. natically.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use direct water jets on the burning product as they could cause a steam explosion and spread of the fire.

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022		
			ous use of foam and water on the same surface is led as water destroys the foam.		
Specific hazards during fire- fighting		A complex gases (smo Oxides of s Unidentifie Carbon mo occurs. Will float an Flammable below the f The vapou	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Oxides of sulphur. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.</li> </ul>		
Spec ods	ific extinguishing meth-		uishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- s and the surrounding environment.		
Furth	er information	: Clear fire a	Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.		
		If possible If the fire c to evacuate Contain res	cent containers cool by spraying with water. remove containers from the danger zone. annot be extinguished the only course of action is a immediately. sidual material at affected sites to prevent material ng drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.		
	ial protective equipment efighters	gloves are large conta Breathing a a confined	tective equipment including chemical resistant to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if act with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to andards (e.g. Europe: EN469).		

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evac- uate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure elec- trical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter.
Environmental precautions :	Take measures to minimise the effects on groundwater. Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06		S Number: 001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
				eading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- , earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		<ul> <li>For small liquid spills (&lt; 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product records afe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up weappropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (&gt; 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for records afe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Ras contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches ers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.</li> </ul>		ed, sealable container for product recovery or ow residues to evaporate or soak up with an bent material and dispose of safely. Remove and dispose of safely. Dills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical acuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or not flush away residues with water. Retain waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak oriate absorbent material and dispose of ontaminated soil and dispose of safely eading or entering into drains, ditches or riv-
			Evacuate the area	ant local and international regulations. a of all non-essential personnel. nated area thoroughly.
Additional advice			see Section 8 of t Notify authorities environment occu For guidance on o this Safety Data S Local authorities s cannot be contain Maritime spillages	should be advised if significant spillages ed. s should be dealt with using a Shipboard Oil ncy Plan (SOPEP), as required by MARPOL

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	<ul> <li>Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.</li> <li>Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Prevent spillages. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Never siphon by mouth.</li> </ul>
	Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be de-

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number:Print Date: 2023-10-30800001033437Date of last issue: 30.04.2021Date of first issue: 06.12.2022		
		contaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse. Maintenance and Fuelling Activities - Avoid inhalation of v pours and contact with skin.	/a-	
Advice on safe handling		<ul> <li>Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.</li> <li>Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.</li> <li>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.</li> <li>When using do not eat or drink.</li> <li>Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.</li> <li>Earth all equipment.</li> <li>Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.</li> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> </ul>		
		The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground distant ignition is possible.	and	
Avoid	ance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.		
Avoidance of contact Product Transfer		Avoid splash filling Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tar such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hat es or manholes. Wait 30 minutes after tank filling ( for larg storage tanks) before opening hatches or manholes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Contamination resultin from product transfer may give rise to light hydrocarbon v pour in the headspace of tanks that have previously contagasoline. This vapour may explode if there is a source of tion. Partly filled containers present a greater hazard than those that are full, therefore handling, transfer and sampli activities need special care. Even with proper grounding a bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, elect static discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixt can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of ic charges. These include but are not limited to pumping ( pecially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, clear and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical move ments. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. s formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until f pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, disch ing, or handling operations.	atch- ge p ng a- ained igni- ing and c tro- ures stat- (es- aning ng, - spark o ill d	

Storage

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022			
Other	r data	Drums should I Use properly la Tank storage: Tanks must be Bulk storage ta Locate tanks a Must be stored from sunlight, ig Vapours from t Breathing losse suitable vapour The vapour is h and confined s Keep container place. Keep in a cool Electrostatic ch Electrostatic ch Electrostatic dis tinuity by bondi reduce the risk The vapours in in the flammab ble. Refer to section ering the packa Keep in a bund to provide cont	<ul> <li>Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product.</li> <li>Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).</li> <li>Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition.</li> <li>Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat.</li> <li>Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere.</li> <li>Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system.</li> <li>The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.</li> <li>Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.</li> <li>Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping.</li> <li>Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.</li> <li>The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-</li> </ul>			
	aging material	steel, stainless cations where is Examples of su (HDPE) and Vi for compatibility amine-adduct of graphite, PTFE Unsuitable mat able for contain terial specificat avoid are: natu propylene rubb polystyrene, po ever, some mat	al: For containers, or container linings use mild steel., Aluminium may also be used for appli- t does not present an unnecessary fire hazard., uitable materials are: high density polyethylene ton (FKM), which have been specifically tested y with this product., For container linings, use cured epoxy paint., For seals and gaskets use: , Viton A, Viton B. erial: Some synthetic materials may be unsuit- ners or container linings depending on the ma- ion and intended use. Examples of materials to ral rubber (NR), nitrile rubber (NBR), ethylene er (EPDM), polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), plyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyisobutylene., How- y be suitable for glove materials.			
Spec	ific use(s)	for liquids that American Petro tions Arising ou	references that provide safe handling practices are determined to be static accumulators: bleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Igni- it of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or rotection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices ricity).			

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace of	control parameters	

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Naphthalene	91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH
Fuels, diesel	68334-30-5	TWA (Va- pour and inhalable aerosols)	100 mg/m3 (total hydrocar- bons)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m3 (total hydrocar- bons)	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
Engi	neering measures	vary depending controls based of Appropriate mea Use sealed syst Firewater monit Adequate explo centrations belo Local exhaust v	tection and types of controls necessary will upon potential exposure conditions. Select on a risk assessment of local circumstances. asures include: eems as far as possible. ors and deluge systems are recommended. sion-proof ventilation to control airborne con- w the exposure guidelines/limits. entilation is recommended. d showers for emergency use.
		General Informa	ation:
			good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned. ousekeeping. res for safe handling and maintenance of in workers in the hazards and control ant to normal activities associated with this fate selection, testing and maintenance of to control exposure, e.g. personal protective l exhaust ventilation. tem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- wns in sealed storage pending disposal or ycle. swallowed, then seek immediate medical
Pers	onal protective equip	nent	
Resp	iratory protection	tions to a level v select respirator cific conditions of Check with resp Where air-filterin concentrations a	ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. Ing respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined ropriate positive pressure breathing appa-

ratus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
		>65°C (149°F)]	
	I protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic repeated conta tact/splash prot ble. For continu breakthrough ti for > 480 minut short-term/spla recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replacement a good predictor dependent on t Suitability and o e.g. frequency s glove material, pliers. Contami hygiene is a ke only be worn or should be wast	Intact with the product may occur the use of ad to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, le from the following materials may provide cal protection. When prolonged or frequent ct occurs. Nitrile rubber. For incidental con- tection Neoprene, PVC gloves may be suita- ious contact we recommend gloves with me of more than 240 minutes with preference es where suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nt regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is he exact composition of the glove material. durability of a glove is dependent on usage, and duration of contact, chemical resistance of dexterity. Always seek advice from glove sup- nated gloves should be replaced. Personal y element of effective hand care. Gloves must in clean hands. After using gloves, hands hed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non- turizer is recommended.
Eye ç	protection	protective eyew If a local risk as	Indled such that it could be splashed into eyes, year is recommended. In the sessment deems it so then chemical splash of be required and safety glasses may provide protection.
Skin	and body protection		resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where g, also wear an apron.
Therr	mal hazards	: Not applicable	
Prote	ective measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Hygie	ene measures	washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip taminated cloth Practice good h Define procedu controls.	e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and oment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping. Itres for safe handling and maintenance of ain workers in the hazards and control
12 / 26			800001033437

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
		product. Ensure appropri equipment used equipment, local Drain down syst nance. Retain drain dow subsequent recy Do not ingest. If assistance. If repeated and/o is likely, then we	ant to normal activities associated with this ate selection, testing and maintenance of to control exposure, e.g. personal protective l exhaust ventilation. em prior to equipment break-in or mainte- which is sealed storage pending disposal or vcle. swallowed, then seek immediate medical or prolonged skin exposure to the substance ear suitable gloves tested to EN374 and pro- skin care programmes.

## Environmental exposure controls

General advice       : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substance must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air contain vapour.         Minimise release to the environment. An environmental a sessment must be made to ensure compliance with local ronmental legislation.         Information on accidental release measures are to be for section 6.	ning s- envi-
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

 00		00	-
Flammability Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flash point	:	40 - 60 °C / 104 - 140 °F	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	150 - 400 °C / 302 - 752 °F	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Data not available	
рН	:	Not applicable	
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available	
Odour	:	Stenched	
Colour	:	Undyed	
Appearance	:	liquid	

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Num 80000103	33437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
	er explosion limit and upp Ipper explosion limit	er explosic : 6 %()		nability limit
L	ower explosion limit	: 1%(	V)	
Vapo	our pressure		.4 kPa (38.0 ° lod: Unspecifi	
			.6 kPa (50.0 ° iod: Unspecifi	
Rela	tive vapour density	: Data	not available	
Rela	tive density	: Data	not available	
Den	sity	: 820 -	- 860 kg/m3 (	15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)
	bility(ies) /ater solubility	: negli	gible	
S	olubility in other solvents	: Data	not available	
	ition coefficient: n- nol/water	: log P	Pow: ca. 2 - 18	5
Auto	-ignition temperature	: >220	0 °C / 428 °F	
Dece	omposition temperature	: Data	not available	
	osity scosity, kinematic	: 1.3 -	4.1 mm2/s (4	0 °C / 104 °F)
Expl	osive properties	: Class	sification Cod	e: Not classified
Oxid	lizing properties	: Not a	applicable	
Con	ductivity	make nonc cons pS/m the p ple lie	es it a static a conductive if it idered semi-c n., Whether a precautions ar quid tempera	< 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material ccumulator., A liquid is typically considered s conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, e the same., A number of factors, for exam- ture, presence of contaminants, and anti- n greatly influence the conductivity of a liq-

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in
14 / 26	800001033437
	CA

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06		S Number: 0001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
			addition to those	listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chen	nical stability	:	Stable under nor	mal use conditions.
Poss tions	bility of hazardous reac-	• :	No hazardous re according to pro	action is expected when handled and stored visions
Cond	itions to avoid	:	Avoid heat, spar	ks, open flames and other ignition sources.
			In certain circum tricity.	stances product can ignite due to static elec-
Incon	npatible materials	:	Strong oxidising	agents.
Haza produ	rdous decomposition ucts	:	Hazardous deco during normal st	mposition products are not expected to form orage.
			complex mixture ing carbon mono unidentified orga	position is highly dependent on conditions. A of airborne solids, liquids and gases includ- oxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and nic compounds will be evolved when this bes combustion or thermal or oxidative degra-

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).
		policin(o).

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following accidental ingestion.

## Acute toxicity

Pı	rod	uc	t:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC 50 (rat): >1-<=5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Remarks: Harmful if inhaled.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity

#### **Components:**

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
	llates (Fischer-Tropsc e oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5	
Acute	inhalation toxicity	: LC50: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: Remarks: Base are not met.	
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 2 Remarks: Base are not met.	2,000 mg/kg ed on available data, the classification criteria
	wable hydrocarbons, e oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5	(Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): 5,000 mg/kg ed on available data, the classification criteria
Acute	inhalation toxicity	: LC50: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: Remarks: Base are not met.	
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 2 Remarks: Base are not met.	2,000 mg/kg ed on available data, the classification criteria
Skin	corrosion/irritation		

## Product:

Remarks: Irritating to skin.

### **Components:**

## Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:

Remarks: Not irritating to skin. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):** Remarks: Not irritating to skin.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Components:

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 202
2.3	2022-12-06	800001033437	Date of last iss
			Deter of Contra

Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

## Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Product:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Components:

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:** Remarks: Not a sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo		arks: Positive in in-vitro, but negative in in-vivo mutagen- ssays.
Components:		
Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch) Genotoxicity in vitro	Rema	Branched and Linear: arks: Based on available data, the classification criteria ot met.
Genotoxicity in vivo		arks: Not mutagenic. d on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Renewable hydrocarbons, di Genotoxicity in vitro	Rema	e fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): arks: Based on available data, the classification criteria of met.
Genotoxicity in vivo		arks: Not mutagenic. d on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

### Product:

Remarks: Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect

SDS Number:

800001033437

Print Date: 2023-10-30

Date of last issue: 30.04.2021

Revision Date:

2022-12-06

Version

2.3

	2022-12-06	800001033437	Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
Rep	eated skin contact has	resulted in irritation an	d skin cancer in animals.
Dist Rem	narks: Not a carcinoge	<b>sch), C8-26 - Branche</b> n. he classification criteria	
<b>Ren</b> Rem	ewable hydrocarbon narks: Not a carcinoge	s, diesel type fraction	(Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):
IAR	C	Group 2B: Possib	ly carcinogenic to humans
		Naphthalene	91-
OSI	НА		this product present at levels greater than n OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTF	P	Reasonably antici	pated to be a human carcinogen
		Naphthalene	91-
Rep	productive toxicity		
Pro	duct:		
Effe	cts on fertility		a developmental toxicant. able data, the classification criteria are not r fertility.
Con	nponents:		
	t <b>illates (Fischer-Trop</b> e tects on fertility	sch), C8-26 - Branche :	d and Linear:
		Not a developn	s not impair fertility. nental toxicant. able data, the classification criteria are not
	ewable hydrocarbon	s, diesel type fraction :	(Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):
		Not a developn	s not impair fertility. nental toxicant. able data, the classification criteria are not
STC	OT - single exposure		
Pro	duct:		
_			

Remarks: Not classified.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.3	2022-12-06	800001033437

Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

## Components:

#### Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:

Remarks: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):

Remarks: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Target Organs: Blood, thymus, Liver Remarks: May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Components:

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:** Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### Components:

### Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

**Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):** Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

### Further information

### Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### **Components:**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2023-10-30
2.3	2022-12-06	800001033437	Date of last issue: 30.04.2021
			Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:** Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

**Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):** Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those con- taining additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).</li> </ul>
Ecotoxicity	
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/I Toxic
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Components: Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch) Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	<ul> <li>C8-26 - Branched and Linear:</li> <li>LL50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute	: LL50: > 1,000 mg/l

Versio 2.3	on	Revision Date: 2022-12-06		9S Number: 0001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022	
tc	oxicity)			Remarks: Based of are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
		to algae/aquatic Acute toxicity)	:	LL50: > 1,000 mg Remarks: Based o are not met.	/l on available data, the classification criteria	
	oxicity city)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 100 mg/l Remarks: Based o are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
		to crusta- nronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 32 mg/l Remarks: Based o are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
Т	Toxicity to bacteria :		:	LL50: > 100 mg/l Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
	oxicity	able hydrocarbons, d to fish (Acute toxici-		LL50: > 1,000 mg	Ikanes, C10-20-branched and linear): /I on available data, the classification criteria	
	oxicity oxicity)	to crustacean (Acute	:	LL50: > 1,000 mg Remarks: Based o are not met.	/l on available data, the classification criteria	
		to algae/aquatic Acute toxicity)	:	LL50: > 1,000 mg Remarks: Based o are not met.	/l on available data, the classification criteria	
	oxicity city)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 100 mg/l Remarks: Based o are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
		to crusta- nronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 32 mg/l Remarks: Based o are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
Т	oxicity	to bacteria	:	LL50: > 100 mg/l Remarks: Based o are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria	
Р	ersist	ence and degradabili	ity			
<u>P</u>	roduc	<u>t:</u>				
В	liodegr	adability	:			

sion	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022	
		by volume, di at least 95% d 370°C (700°F	drocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which stills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b of which, by volume, distils at a temperature of ) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 of ent revision thereof."	
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
	ates (Fischer-Trops gradability	Remarks: Rea	on: 80 %	
Renewable hydrocarbons, diesel type fraction (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear):Biodegradability: Remarks: Readily biodegradable.				
Bioac	cumulative potentia	al de la constante de la consta		
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Bioaco	cumulation	: Remarks: Cor mulate.	ntains constituents with the potential to bioacc	
	on coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: ca. 2	2 - 15	
Distill	oonents: ates (Fischer-Trops cumulation	c <b>h), C8-26 - Branch</b> : Remarks: Cor mulate.	ed and Linear: ntains constituents with the potential to bioacc	
	wable hydrocarbons cumulation		n (Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): ntains constituents with the potential to bioacc	
Mobil	ity in soil			
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Mobili	ty	significant pro If product ente and may cont	rtly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, bu oportion will remain after one day. ers soil, one or more constituents will be mobi aminate groundwater. is may penetrate soil and could contaminate	

Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022
Mobil	ity	proportion will r	s on water. es from water or soil surfaces, but a significant emain after one day. may penetrate soil and could contaminate
<b>Rene</b> Mobil		: Remarks: Float Partly evaporate proportion will r	(Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): s on water. es from water or soil surfaces, but a significant emain after one day. may penetrate soil and could contaminate
Othe	r adverse effects		
<u>Prod</u> Addit matic	ional ecological infor-	: Films formed or age organisms.	n water may affect oxygen transfer and dam-
Disti	ponents: llates (Fischer-Tropso ional ecological infor- on		n water may affect oxygen transfer and dam-
	ional ecological infor-		(Alkanes, C10-20-branched and linear): n water may affect oxygen transfer and dam-

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
------------------

fire.Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums.Waste arising from a spillage of	e from residues	Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums.Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with pre- vailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022	
		MARPOL - see Pollution from S	lished beforehand. International Convention for the Prevention of hips (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- controlling pollutions from ships.	
Contaminated packaging		flash point. Do r Do not pollute th container. Comply with an Dispose in acco to a recognized	cause an explosion hazard if heated above the not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. The soil, water or environment with the waste y local recovery or waste disposal regulations. ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand.	
Local legislation Remarks		national, and loo Local regulation	<ul> <li>Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.</li> <li>Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.</li> </ul>	

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

TDG UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Marine pollutant International Regulations	: 1202 : DIESEL FUEL : 3 : III : 3 : no
<b>IATA-DGR</b> UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels	: UN 1202 : DIESEL FUEL : 3 : III : 3
<b>IMDG-Code</b> UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Marine pollutant	: UN 1202 : DIESEL FUEL : 3 : III : 3 : yes

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Version 2.3	Revision Date: 2022-12-06	SDS Number: 800001033437	Print Date: 2023-10-30 Date of last issue: 30.04.2021 Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: Classified under TDG regulations for domestic road and rail transport, if shipped by vessel or air please ensure that the DG classification is compliant for the mode of transport being used.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

IARC has classified diesel exhaust emissions as a Class 1 carcinogen - carcinogenic to humans. Steps should be taken to prevent personal exposure to diesel exhaust emissions. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL

: All components listed.

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AlIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2023-10-30
2.3	2022-12-06	800001033437	Date of last issue: 30.04.2021
			Date of first issue: 06.12.2022

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

This product is intended for use in closed systems only. A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Revision Date

: 2022-12-06

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN